

# Turtle Graphics for Python

## Idea

You have a small turtle that moves around the screen.

As it moves, it leaves a trail.

You can tell it to hold its pen up and then it moves without leaving a trail.

Pen down lets it resume making a visible trail.

It can turn left or right. When you next tell it to move, it goes in the direction it faces.

## Using Turtle Graphics in Python

**Define your turtle functions before using them.**

**This line goes first in your program:**

`from turtle import *`

### Move the turtle:

Move the turtle forward 100 units:

`forward(100)`

Move the turtle back 20 units:

`back(20)`

### Turn the turtle:

Turn the turtle right 90 degrees:

`right(90)`

Turn the turtle left 45 degrees:

`left(45)`

### Pen up (no trail), Pen Down (trail)

pendown – turtle moves without a trail on screen

`pendown()`

penup – turtle moves showing a trail on screen

`penup()`

Remember the principle

**Define first, then use**

You also :

**Import first, then use**

Degree Facts

90 degrees = a right turn, such as in a square

45 degrees = a diagonal across a square

360 degrees = go full circle to back where you started

`penup()` # leave no trail  
`forward(20)` # move 20 steps

`pendown()` # moves will now show  
`forward(30)` # leave a line on screen

## Our Python program:

## Results on the screen:

```
IDLE File Edit Format Run Window Help
turtle00.py - /Users/kuahiwi/
from turtle import *

# Move turtle, then turn, move again

forward(100)
right(90)
forward(60)
```

### Move Turtle without drawing a line

```
# move 40, no line:
penup()
forward(40)
pendown()
```

### Define a function to move turtle without drawing a line

```
def move_turtle(distance):
    ''' Move turtle, no line drawn '''
    penup()
    forward(distance)
    pendown()
```

### Use move\_turtle function (defined above)

```
move_turtle(15)
or
this_far = 20
move_turtle(this_far)
```

### Draw a circle, radius 75:

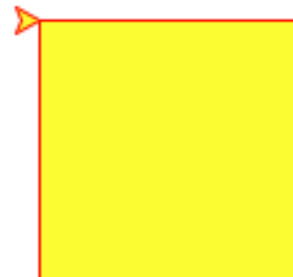
```
circle(75)
```

### Add some color

```
Color the lines red, the area fill yellow
color("red", "yellow")
forward(100) # line is red
```

### Fill a closed area with yellow

```
color("red", "yellow")
begin_fill()
# draw square
for i in range(4):
    forward(100)
    right(90)
end_fill() # now yellow fills square
```



```
from turtle import *
```

```
def draw_square(side):  
    ''' Draw a square  
    length is side units long  
    '''  
    # repeat 4 times  
    for i in range(4):  
        forward(side)  
        right(90)  
    return
```

```
...
```

```
draw_square(150)
```

```
...
```

```
size = 175  
draw_square(size)
```

Here's one way to draw a square with Turtle Graphics.

Notice that a square has 4 sides and it turns right 90 degrees, or 1/4th of 360 degrees.

Can you create a similar function definition that will draw a polygon with n sides, each of length side?

Hint:

Give the new function a name such as draw\_poly, then decide on what inputs it needs.

Figure out changes to the function.

Test.

Can you draw a polygon of 4 sides? 6 sides? 8 sides (like a stop sign)?

## **Control Speed of Drawing**

```
speed(1) # slowest speed
```

```
speed(10) # fast
```

You can use numbers from 1 to 10 to get the speed you want; you see the little "turtle" while it draws.

### **Fastest - but no turtle animation**

```
speed(0) # best for very complex  
         # drawings
```

### **Start a fresh drawing, turtle in standard starting location and direction**

```
reset() # Start a fresh drawing  
        # Erases any drawing on screen
```

***It's a good idea to do a reset()  
before doing any drawing.  
Gives you a clean start.***

***For a lot more detail on Turtle Graphics, go to  
<http://docs.python.org/release/3.2/library/turtle.html>***

## Macs - set up for Turtle Graphics

### We need to run

IDLE -n

### Running IDLE -n prevents some problems with Turtle Graphics

Open **Terminal**, set it aside for a moment

Finder (in Dock)

Go to **Applications**

Go to **Python 3.2** folder

Right-click (or **Control-Click**) on **IDLE.app**

Choose **Show package contents**

Look in **MacOS** folder

Drag **IDLE** icon to **Terminal** window

Add **-n** to the end of **/IDLE**

Your terminal window now says

Long-path-to-**IDLE** **-n**

You now see a

**No Subprocess**

note with the IDLE start-up screen

As you normally do, go to

IDLE's **File** menu,

**New Window**

Now you can create your graphic.py program using Turtle Graphics, and you will see it all correctly.

