

**CIS 122**

**All jumbled up**

# Playing With Letters



# Playing With Letters

- What are anagrams?
  - Two words that contain the same letters as each other
  - Not necessarily in the same order
- A few notable anagrams
  - LISTEN = SILENT
  - DORMITORY = DIRTY ROOM
  - ELEVEN PLUS TWO = TWELVE PLUS ONE

# Playing With Letters

- Constructing anagrams is non-trivial
  - <http://wordsmith.org/anagram/>
  - And constructing sensical anagrams is an art form
- Let's tackle a simpler problem
  - How can we tell if two words are anagrams?
  - This is still non-trivial
- Just need to see if they contain the same letters
  - But how do we do that?

# Recursive Step

- Select a letter in one string
  - If it's not in the other string, they're clearly not anagrams
- Remove letter from both words
- See if remaining letters are anagrams

# Base Cases

- If strings have different lengths
  - NOT ANAGRAMS
- If a letter in one string isn't in the other
  - NOT ANAGRAMS
- If both strings are empty
  - ANAGRAMS

# What pieces do we need?

- Determine if a string contains a character
  - char **in** string
  - **'a'** **in** **'abcde'**
- Remove a character from a string
  - No built-in function
  - We'll need to write our own

# String methods

- Methods are special functions called by Python objects
  - `string.method(arguments...)`
  - call method with arguments on string
- `replace(old, new)`
  - Return string with all instances of old replaced with new

```
>>> "racecar".replace('c', '*')  
'ra*e*ar'
```
- `find(char)`
  - Return index of first instance of char in string

```
>>> "racecar".find('c')  
2
```



# Methodical Removal

```
def remove(string, char):  
    """Return new instance of string with first  
    occurrence of char removed"""  
  
    # Find first occurrence of char  
    index = string.find(char)  
  
    # Get substrings up to and after char  
    upToChar = string[:index]  
    afterChar = string[index+1:]  
  
    # Return everything but char  
    return upToChar + afterChar
```

# Let's put it all together (to be continued...)

```
def anagrams(string1, string2):  
    """Returns True if strings are anagrams; False otherwise"""  
  
    # Select a letter in one string  
    letter = string1[0]  
  
    # If not in other string, not anagrams  
    if not (letter in string2):  
        return False  
  
    # Remove letter from both words  
  
    # See if remaining letters are anagrams
```