

CIS 122

Let's do that again!

Homework Review

- Most homework submitted
 - Will post homework solution
 - Will go over in more detail
- At least 1 pair submission
 - Would love to see more
- Generally correct, but a few common details
 - Include your name
 - Remember docstrings
 - Remember comments

Homework 1 Continued

- You wrote max, max3, max5
 - What about general max function?
- You wrote single character shifter
 - Could probably write 2-character shifter
 - What about arbitrary length text shifter?
- Don't have the right tools yet
 - Let's fix that

The Factorial Function

- Represented by the ! symbol
- Product of all numbers up to x
 - $3! = 3 * 2 * 1 = 6$
 - $5! = 5 * 4 * 3 * 2 * 1 = 120$
- Factorial gets really large really quickly
 - $10! = 3628800$
 - $20! = 2432902008176640000$
 - $30! = 2652528598121910586363084800000000$
 - You get the idea...

The Factorial Function

- How would we write a factorial function?

```
def factorial(x):  
    if x==1:  
        return 1  
    elif x==2:  
        return 1 * 2  
    elif x==3:  
        return 1 * 2 * 3  
    elif ...
```

- This could take a while...

The Factorial Function

- Let's reexamine our problem
- Suppose we want to calculate 10!

$$10! = 10 * 9 * 8 * 7 * 6 * 5 * 4 * 3 * 2 * 1$$

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- Suppose we want to calculate 10!

$$10! = 10 * 9!$$

The Factorial Function

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- Suppose we want to calculate 10!

$$10! = 10 * 9!$$

- If we knew 9 factorial, 10 factorial would be easy
 - But how do we calculate 9 factorial?

The Factorial Function

- Let's reexamine our problem
- Suppose we want to calculate 10!

$$10! = 10 * 9!$$

- If we knew 9 factorial, 10 factorial would be easy
 - But how do we calculate 9 factorial?

$$9! = 9 * 8 * 7 * 6 * 5 * 4 * 3 * 2 * 1$$

The Factorial Function

- Let's reexamine our problem
- Suppose we want to calculate 10!

$$10! = 10 * 9!$$

- If we knew 9 factorial, 10 factorial would be easy
 - But how do we calculate 9 factorial?

$$9! = 9 * 8!$$

The Factorial Function - Take Two

- It's hard to calculate $x!$
 - But $x!$ is just $x * (x-1)!$
 - If we knew $(x-1)!$, it would be easy to find $x!$
 - Let's try writing that function again...

```
def factorial(x):  
    answer = x * factorial(x-1)  
    return answer
```

- How do we feel about this code?
 - Let's try drawing up a stack diagram...

The Factorial Function - Take Two

`__main__`

```
def factorial(n):  
    answer = n * factorial(n-1)  
    return answer
```

```
>>> x = factorial(2)
```

The Factorial Function - Take Two

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x         → ???
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factorial

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factorial  
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answer   → ???
```

The Factorial Function - Take Two

- We're making progress
 - Now our code is finite
 - But it doesn't terminate...
- Let's fix that
 - Need somewhere to stop
 - A **Base Case**

The Factorial Function - Take Three

- Let's pick a really easy case
 - We know 0 factorial is 1
 - If we see the input 0, we'll just return 1

```
def factorial(n):  
    if n==0:  
        return 1  
    else:  
        answer = n * factorial(n-1)  
        return answer
```

- What happens when we run this code?
 - Back to the stack...

The Factorial Function - Take Three

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n         → 0  
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factorial  
n         → 1  
answer   → 1
```

```
factorial  
n         → 0  
answer   → 1
```

Recursion

- Reducing a problem to a **smaller** version of itself
- "To understand recursion, you must first understand recursion"
 - Try googling "recursion"
- Two Components
 - Base Case
 - Recursive step

Base Case

- Some easy known case
 - Generally something small and trivial
 - $0! = 1$
- Want to reduce all other problems down to this case
- Don't forget your base case
 - Code might break
 - Code might never terminate

Recursive Step

- Define the problem in terms of a **smaller** version of itself
 - How do I compute x factorial?
 - Compute $(x-1)$ factorial and multiply by x
- What do we mean by smaller?
 - Closer to the base case
 - Eventually reduce to the base case
- What happens if our problem doesn't get smaller?
 - Code will never terminate
 - To compute $x!$, first compute $x!$

Recursion is all around us

- How do you do the dishes?
- Base case
 - If the sink is empty, you're done
- Recursive step
 - Wash one dish
 - Wash the rest of the dishes

Recursion is all around us

- How do I walk to school?
- Base case
 - If I'm at school, I'm done
- Recursive step
 - Take one step towards school
 - Walk the rest of the way to school

Recursion in Action

- Over to IDLE