

# Assignment 3

Here you will begin to work towards building a tic-tac-toe game.

## 1. 25 points

Given a tuple `t`, and an index `i`, and a value `v`,  
produce a new tuple which is the old tuple updated to have value `v` at index `i`.

That is, finish the following:

```
def assign(t, i, v):  
    #your code here
```

For example, `assign((40,30,20),2,15)` should return `(40,30,15)`.

You do not have to handle the case where the index is out of bounds, only the case where  $0 \leq i < \text{len}(t)$

## 2. 45 points

Assume that a position is represented as a tuple of tuples.

This is an example of a position:

```
(('0','X','-'),('X','-','X'),('0','-','0'))
```

Given an input position, and player (represented as the character 'X' or '0'),  
determine if a player has one on a row, column, or diagonal.

You will return True or False.

That is, finish the following functions:

```
def won_row(position,player):  
    #your code here
```

```
def won_column(position,player):  
    #your code here
```

```
def won_diagonal(position,player):  
    #your code here
```

3. 15 points

Write a function which returns a tuple representing the argmax, followed by the max of a list.

That is, finish the following:

```
def argmax_max(x):  
    #your code here
```

If the max isn't unique, argmax can be any index corresponding to a max.

For instance, `argmax_max([0,5,9,4,3,7,6,4,9,2,3,9,4])` could return the tuple `(2,9)`

4. 15 points

Write the analogous function `argmin_min`.